

Recent Thermal and Hydraulic Stimulation Results at Raft River, ID EGS Site

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G. Nash

Introduction

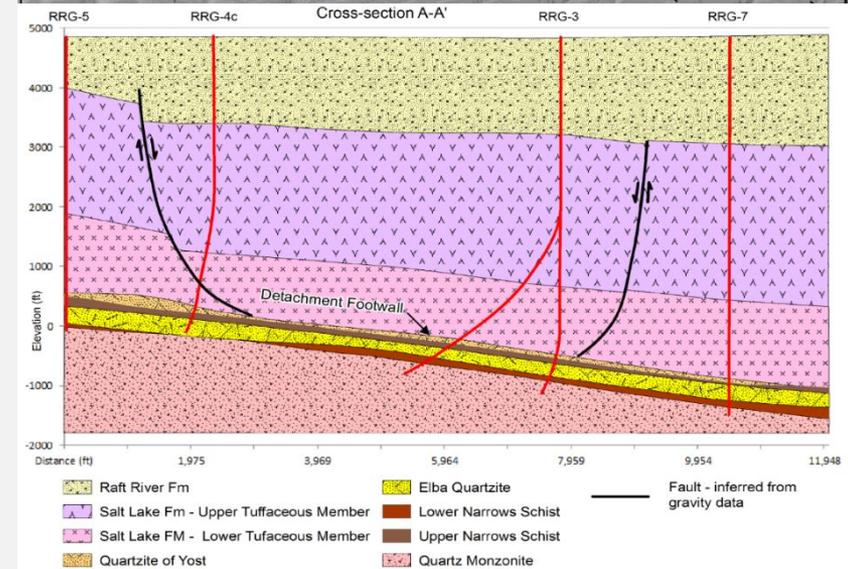
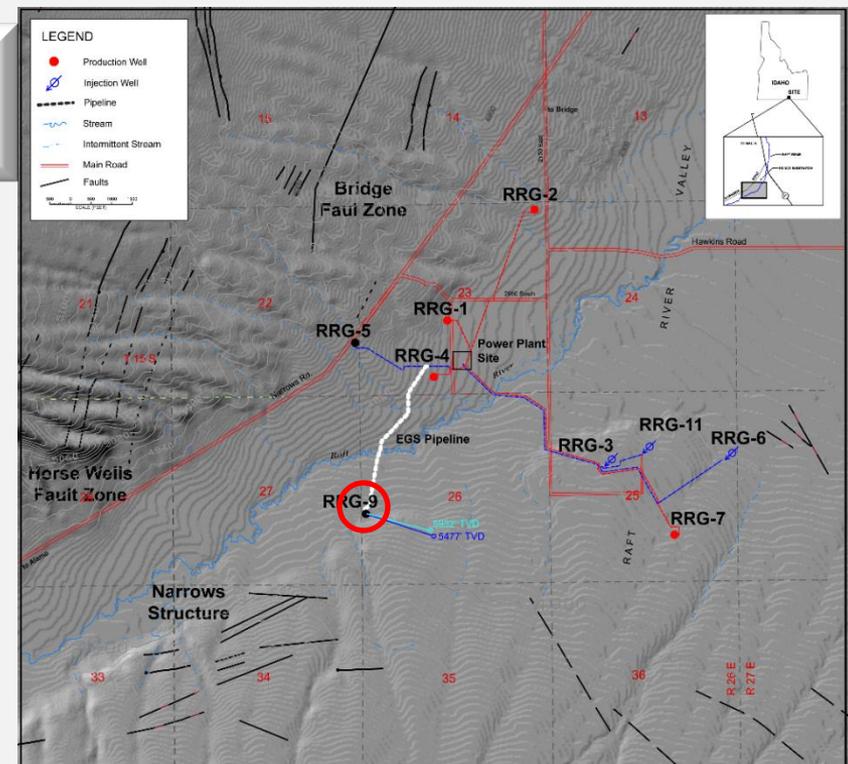
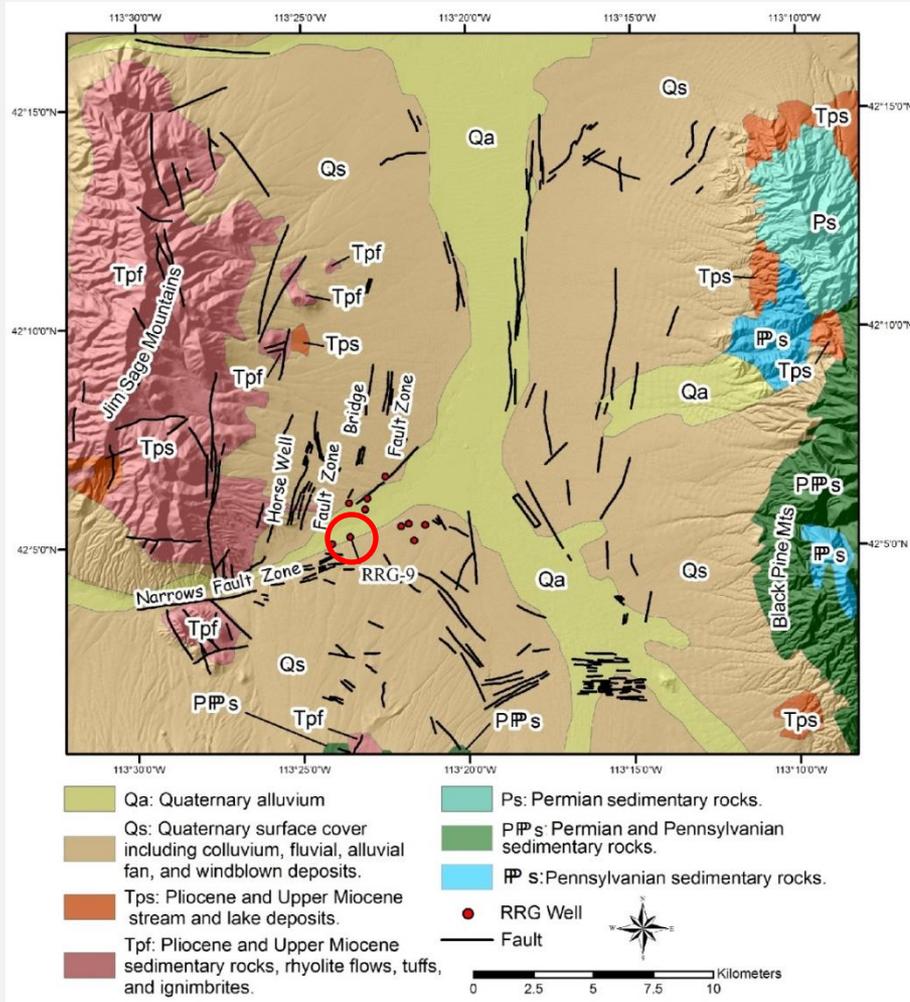
- U.S. Geothermal Inc.
- Operational in January 2008
- Ormat Nevada Inc. binary unit
- Maximum resource temperature $\sim 150^{\circ}\text{C}$
- 15.8 MW_e capacity, produces $\sim 10.5\text{-}11.5 \text{ MW}_e$



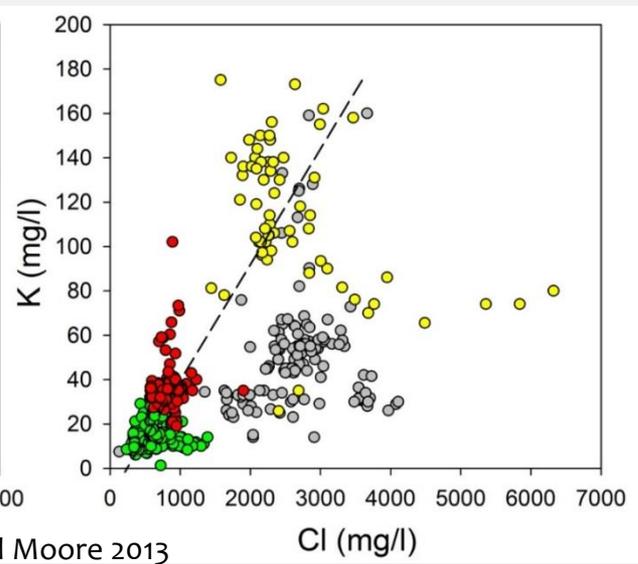
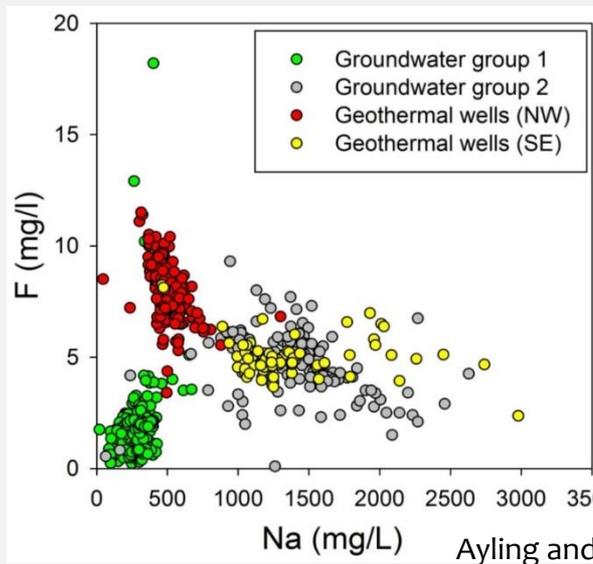
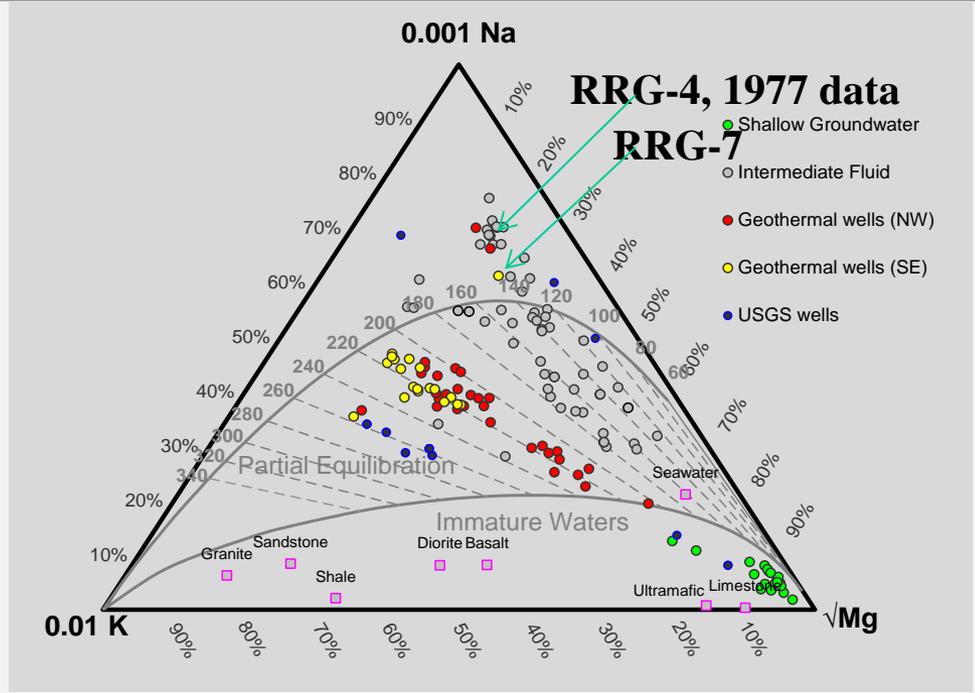
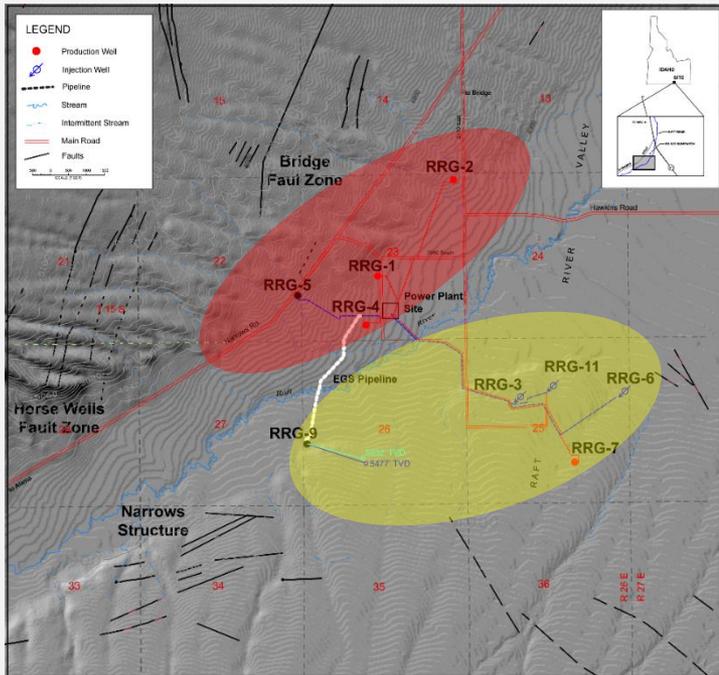
Drilling of RRG-9 ST1

- 4 Production Wells
- 3 Injection Wells
- Total Production: $\sim 5,000 \text{ gpm}$
- Production Wells: $850\text{-}2,200 \text{ gpm}$
- 433 gpm per MW_e

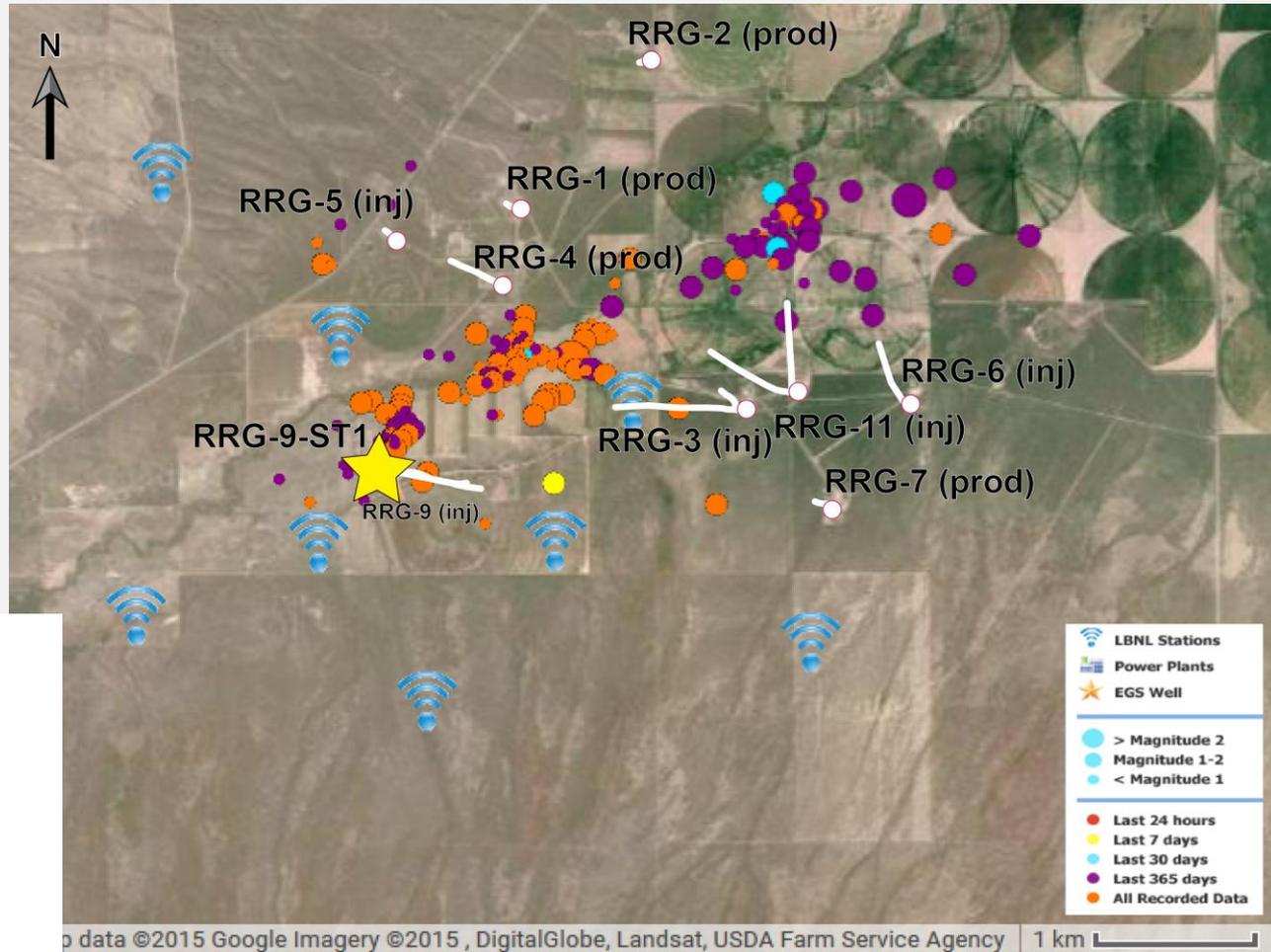
The Geologic Setting



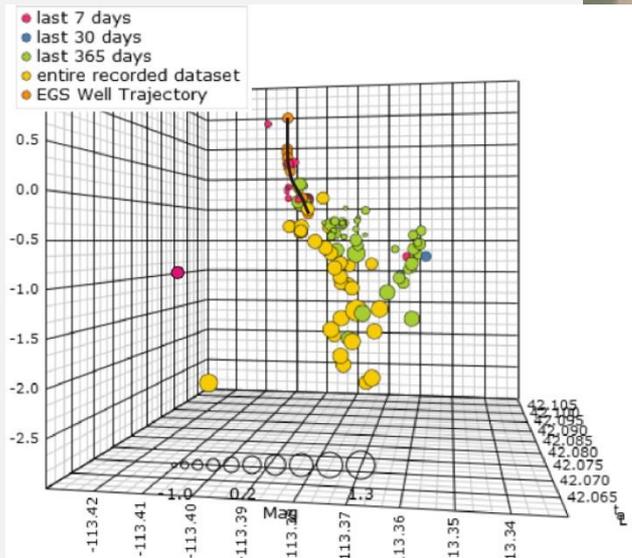
Fluid Compositions



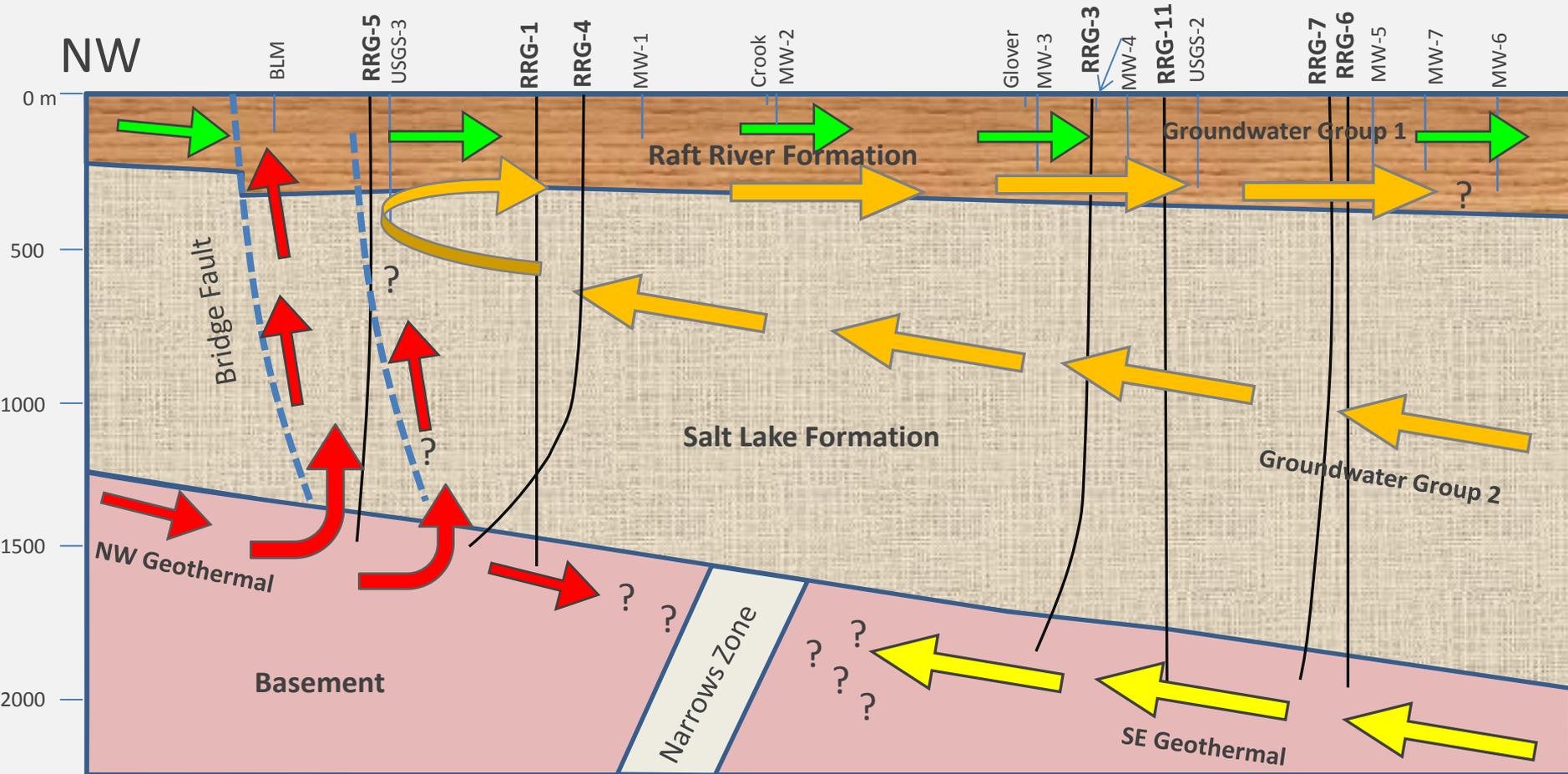
Seismic Activity



Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory Induced Seismicity

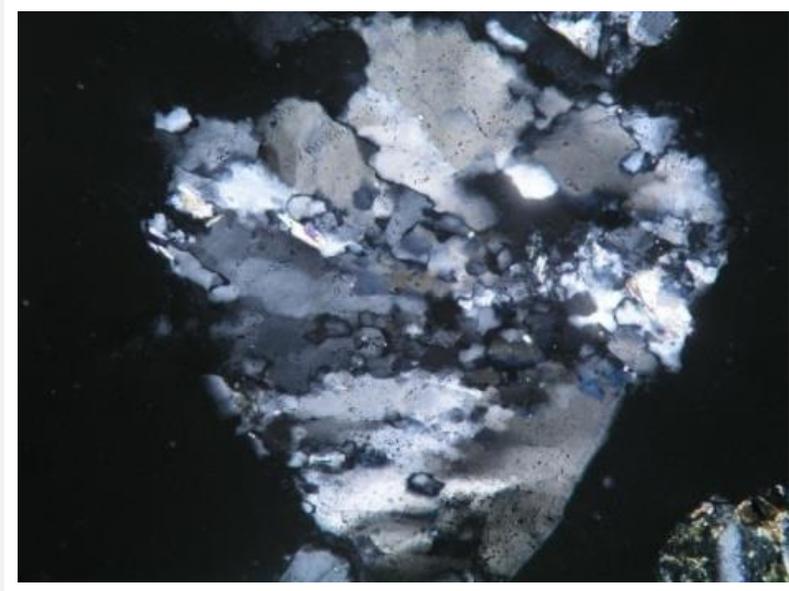
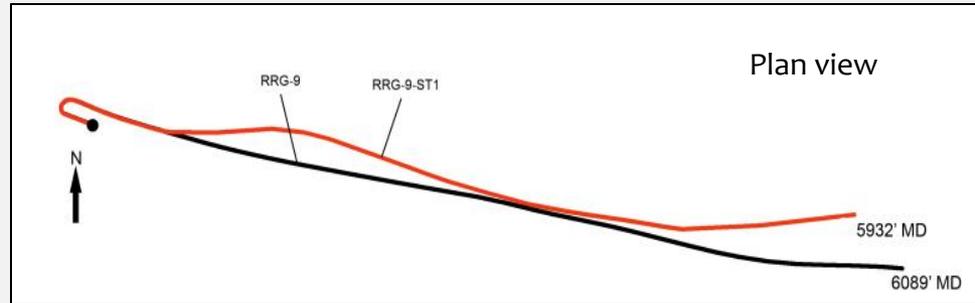
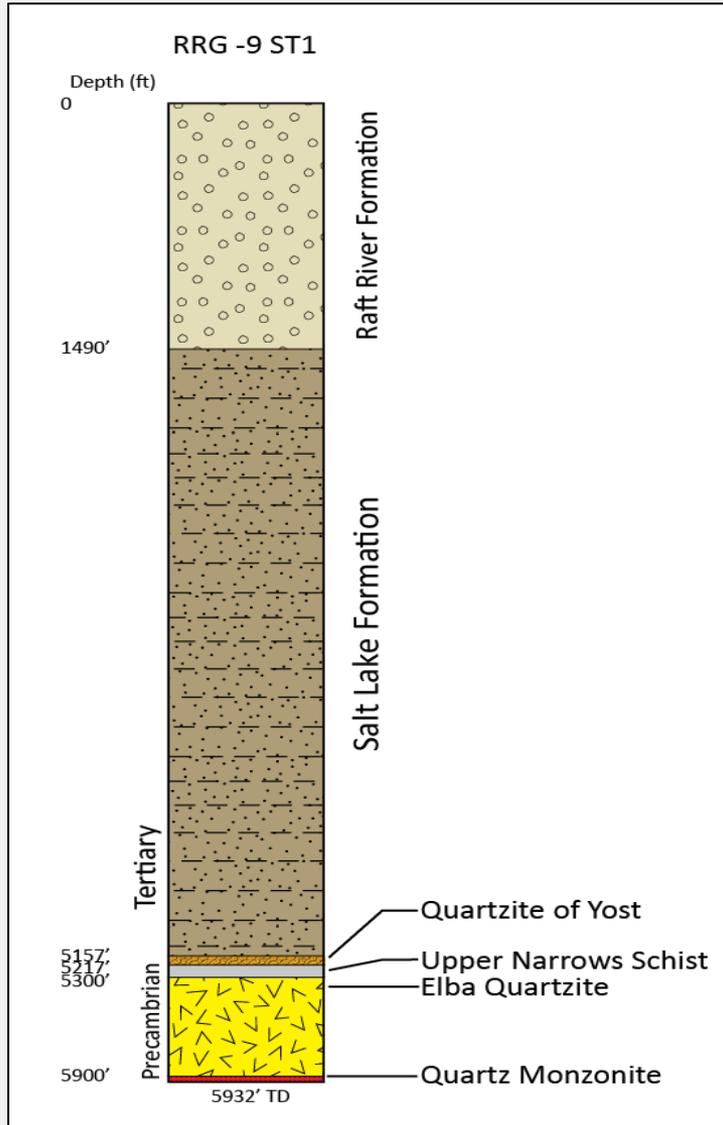


Possible Fluid Pathways

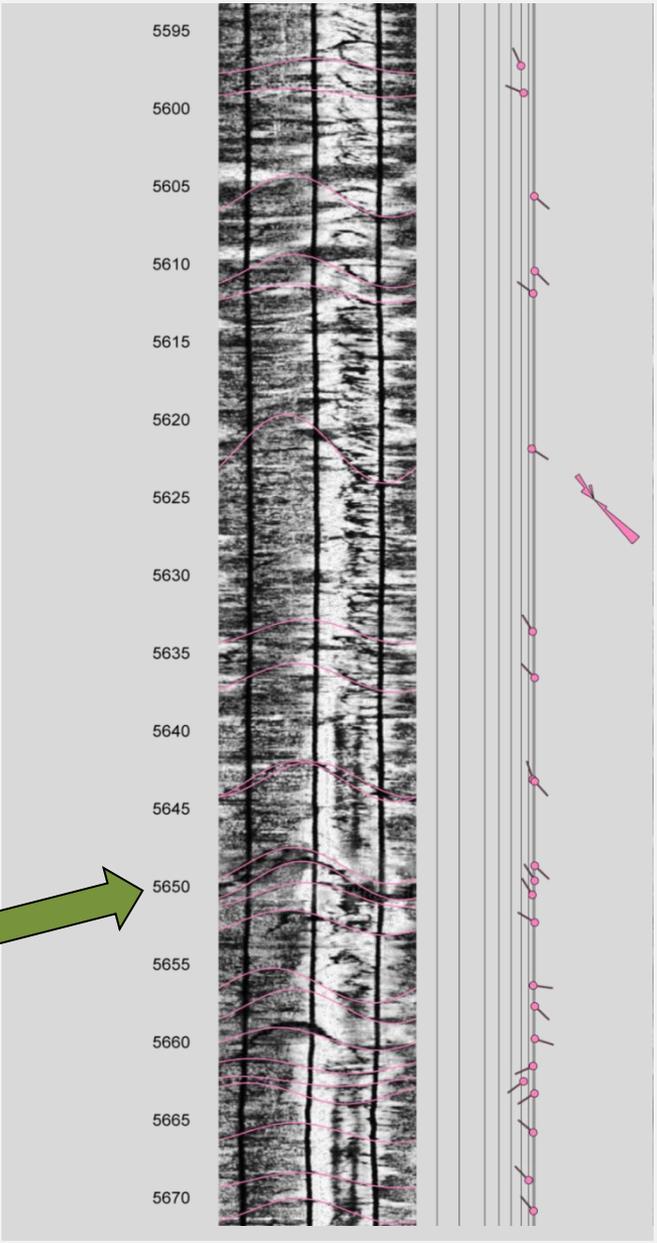
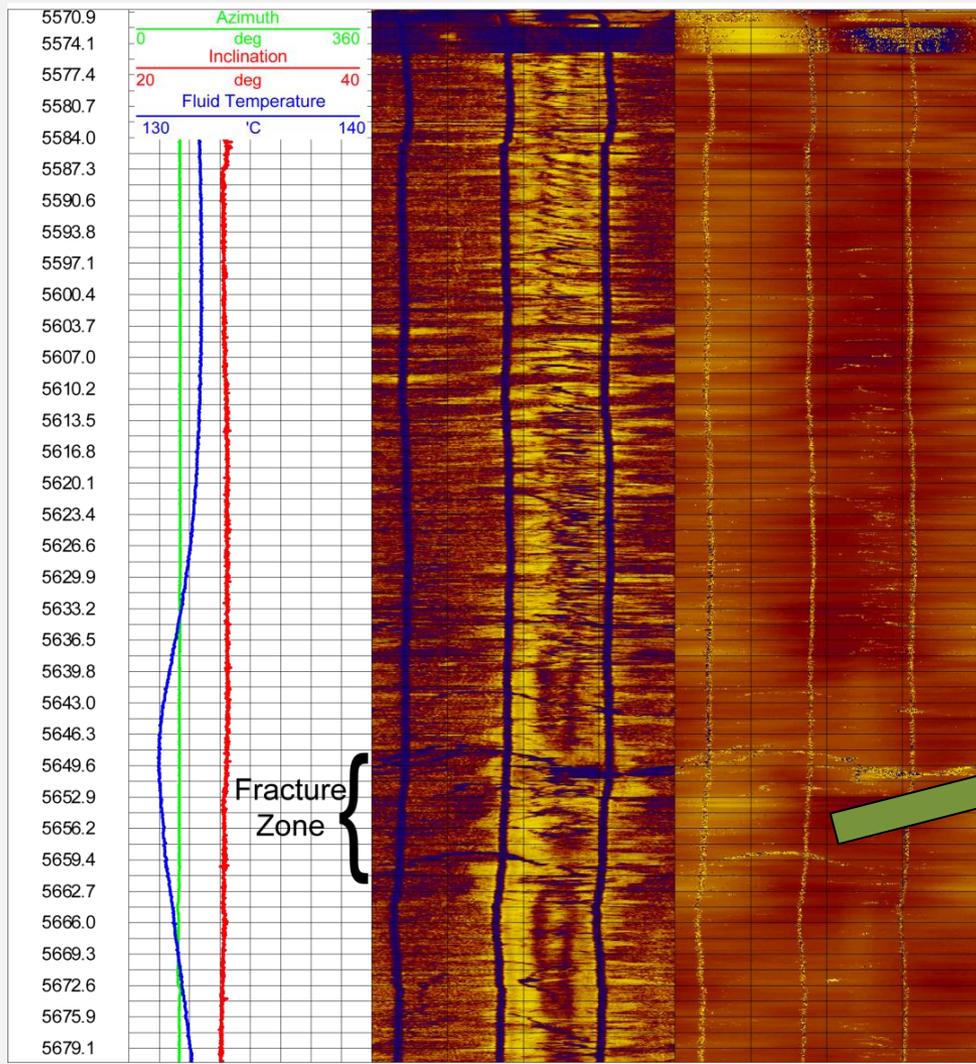


Ayling and Moore 2013

RRG-9 ST-1



Major Fracture Zone at 5,650 ft.



Fracture Statistics

Well Name: RAFT RIVER 9

Stereonet interval: 5524.59 to 5920.08 ft Wulff (Upper) Data source: Pick Set A - coded by category

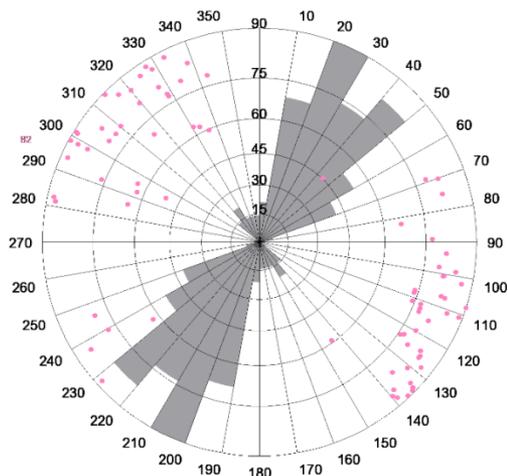
Rose bin size: 10.0°

Rose rim value: Auto

Strike Plot

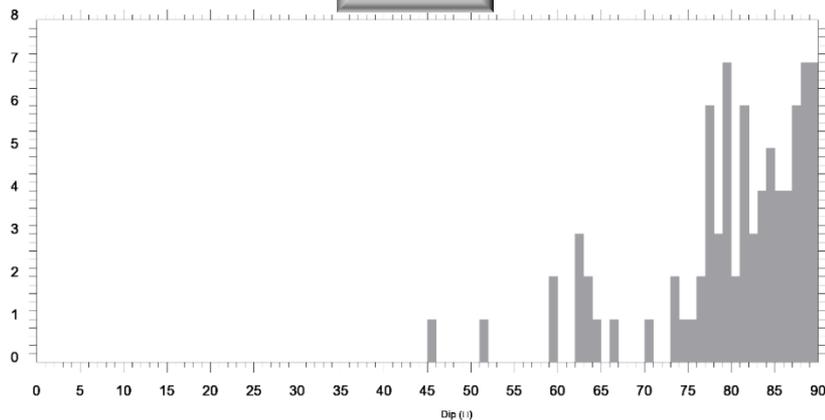
N = 82

Fracture



Dip minimum: 0.00
Dip maximum: 180.00
Dip quality cutoff: 0.00
Dip fill cutoff: 0.00

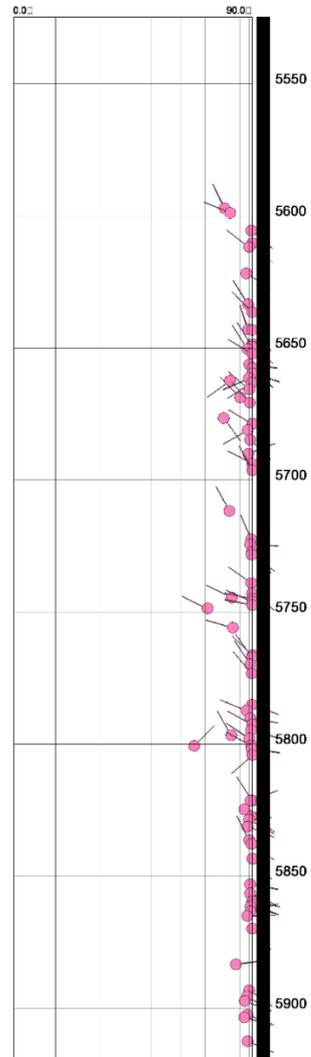
Strike



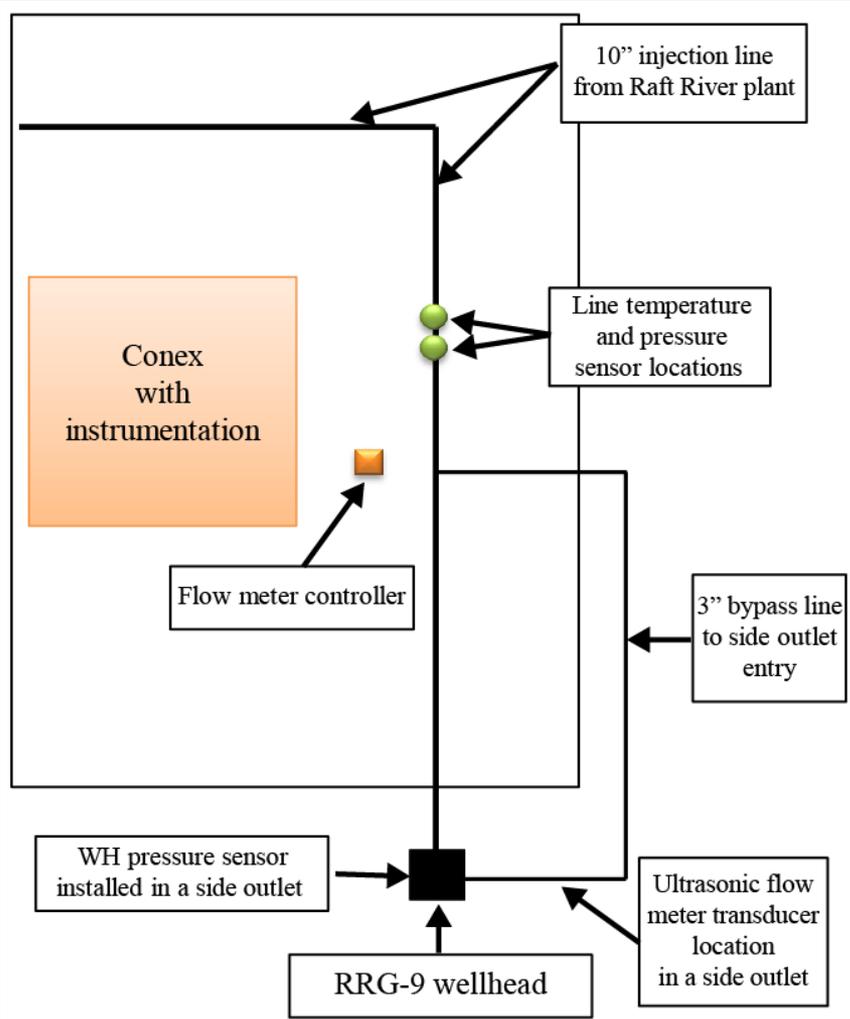
Dip Angle

Tadpole plot - coded by pick type

Unrelated data



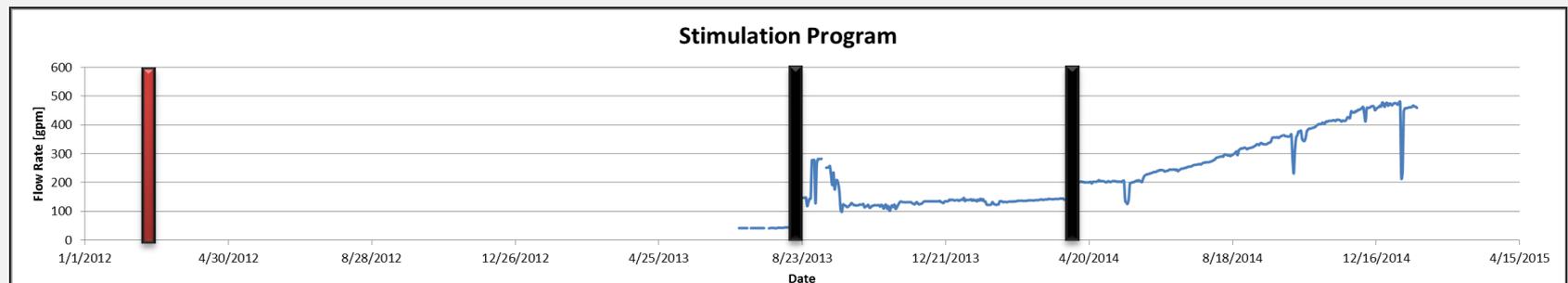
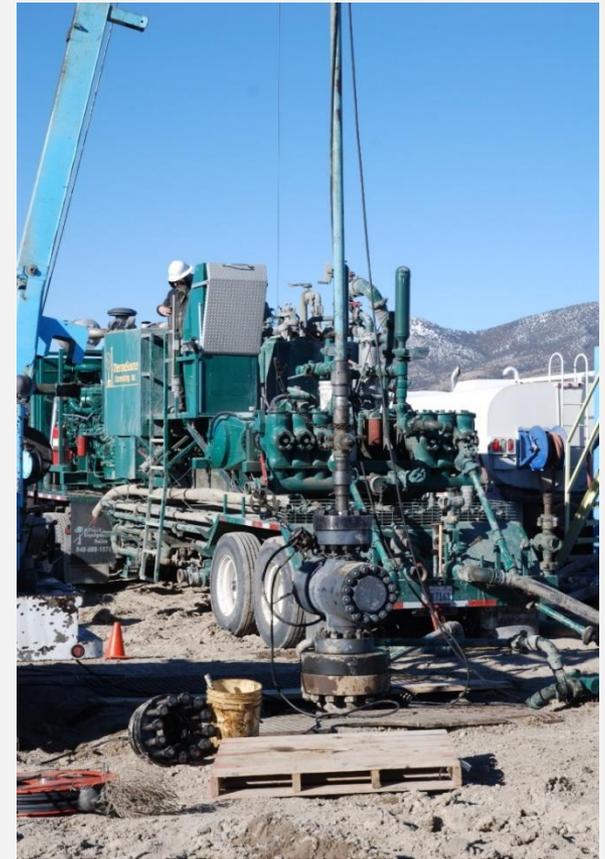
RRG-9 ST1 Layout



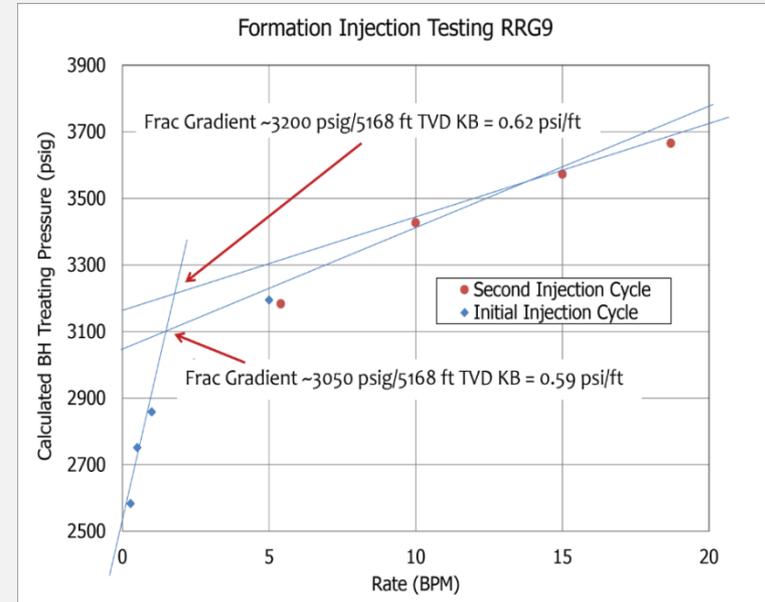
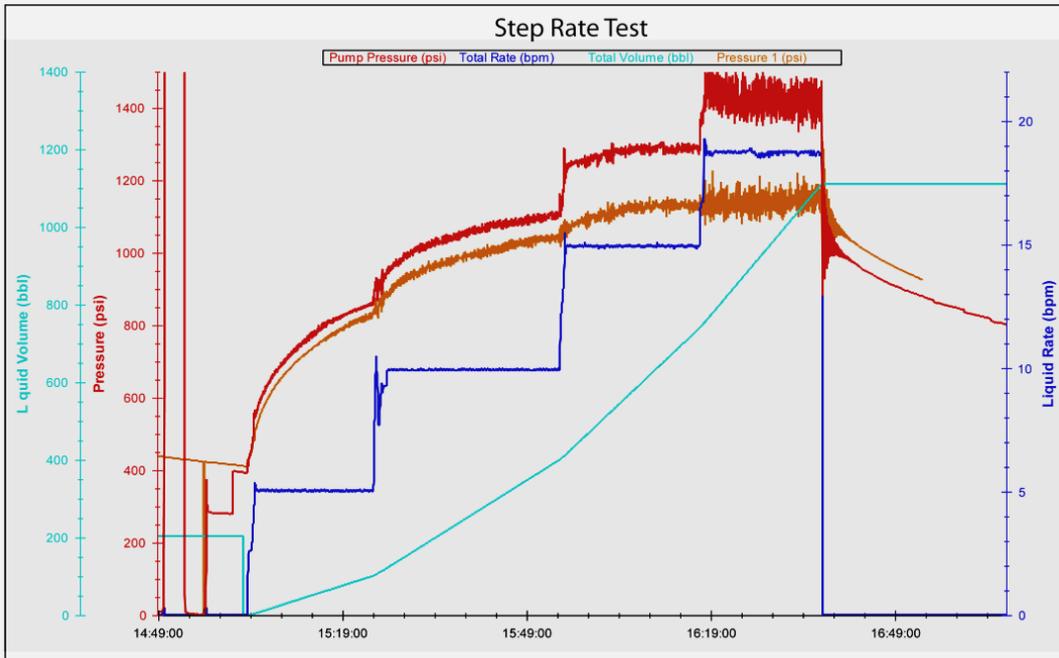
Stimulation 1

Injection parameters:

- rates of 11 to 756 gpm,
- total injected volume 81,648 gal
- maximum wellhead pressure ~1,150 psi

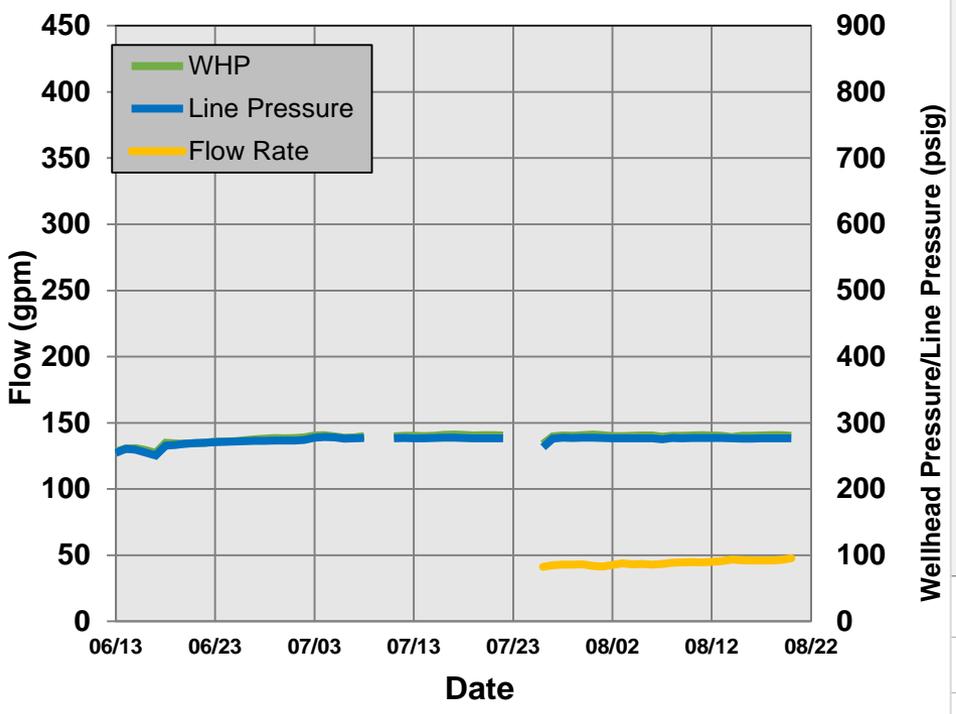


Stimulation 1

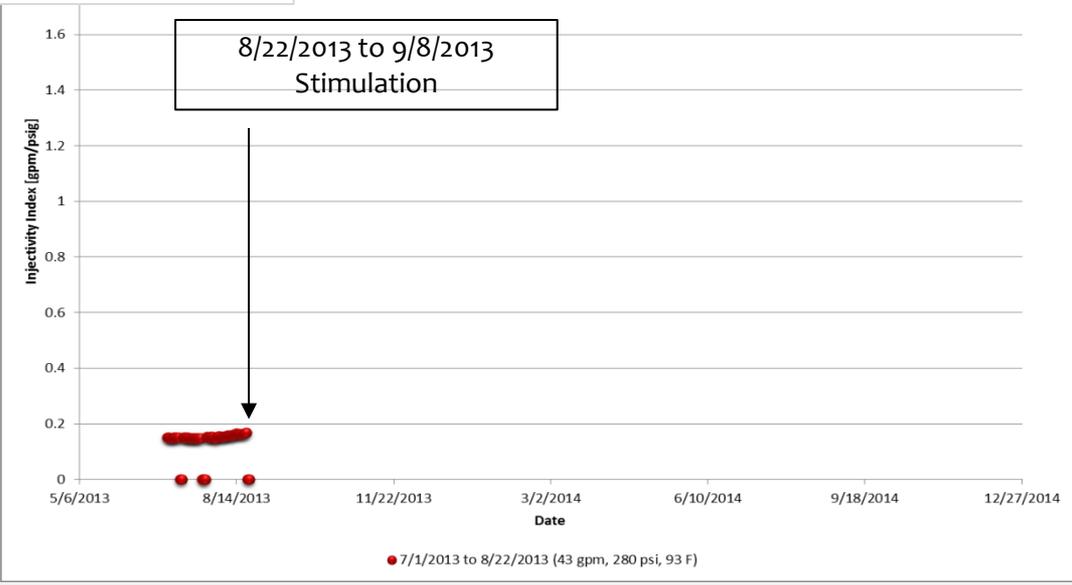


Properties	Value
True Vertical Depth	5168 ft TVD
Fracture Gradient	0.59-0.62 psi/ft
Minimum in-situ principal stress	3050-3200 psi
Maximum wellhead pressure	1150 psi
Reservoir Pressure	2938 psi
Permeability	0.03 md

Injectivity Prior to Stimulation 2 (after 1.5 years of no activity)



Injectivity Index 7/1/2013 to 8/20/2014



Stimulation 2

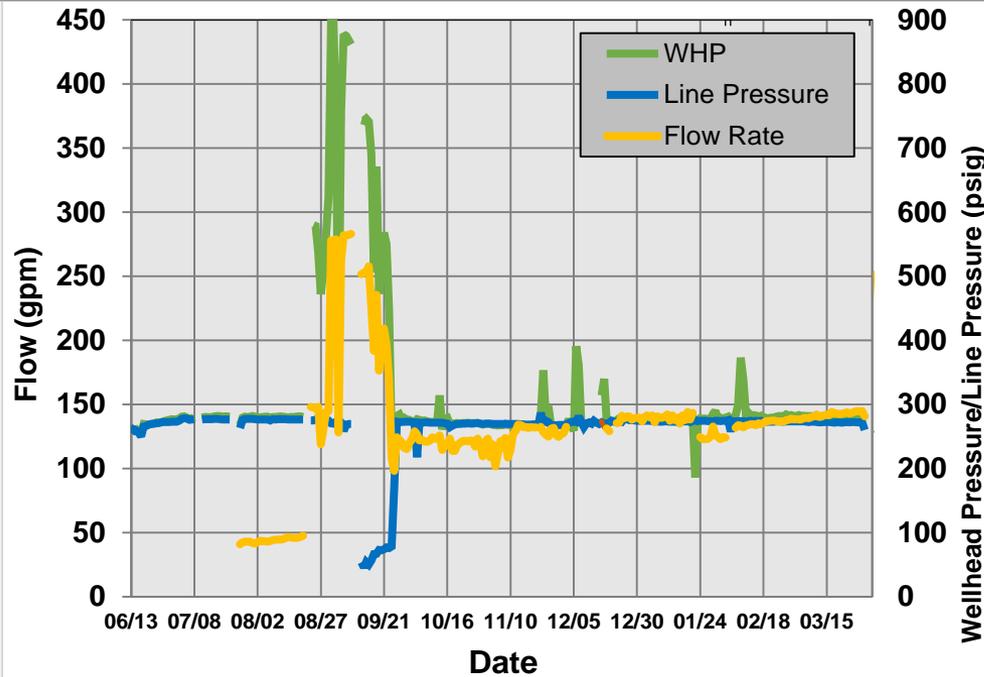


Injection parameters:

- max flow 333 gpm
- max well head pressure 908 psig
- temperature 40-46 °C



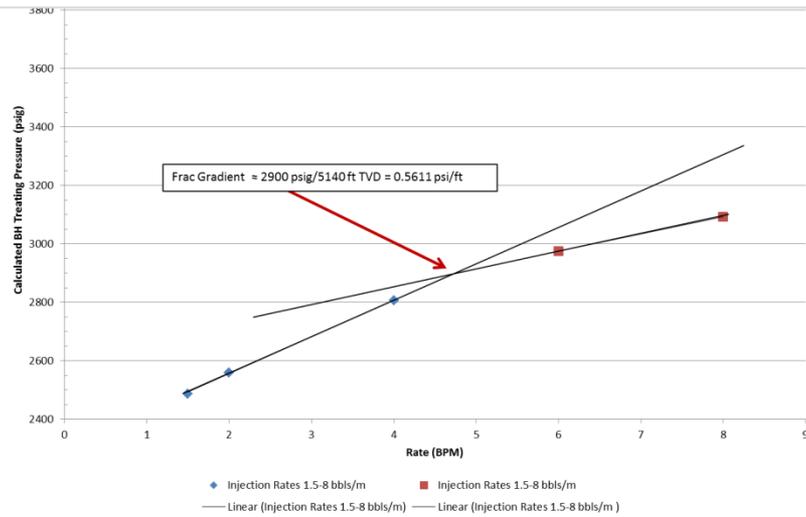
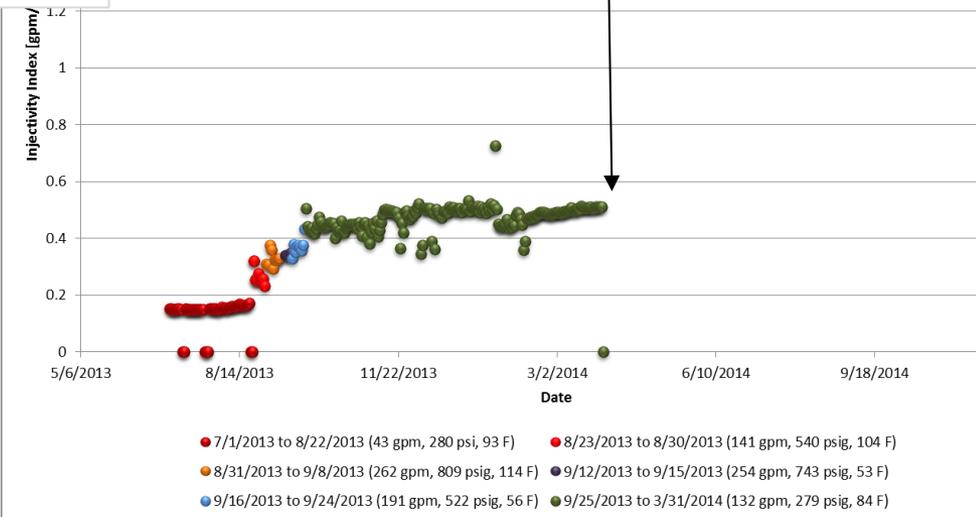
Post Stimulation 2



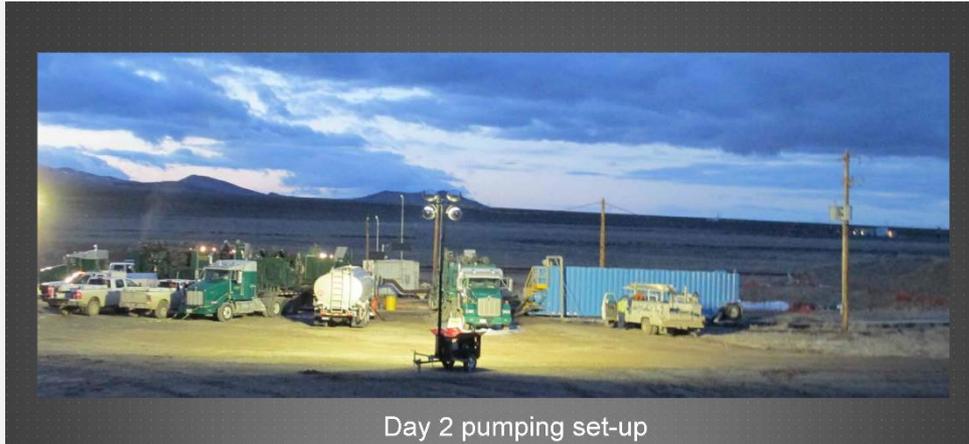
(6/2013 to 4/2014)

Injectivity Index 7/1/2013 to 3/31/2014

4/1/2014 to 4/4/2014
Stimulation



Stimulation 3



Day 2 pumping set-up

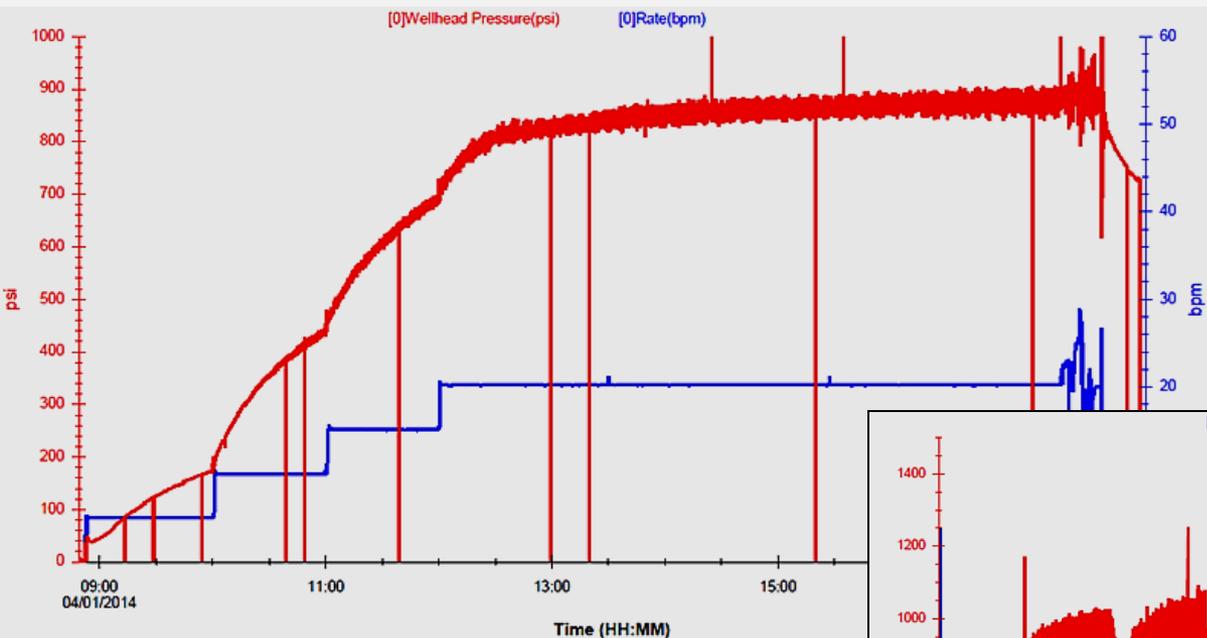
Injection parameters:

- 840-1260 gpm
- wellhead pressure 850-980 psig
- temperature 10-15 °C

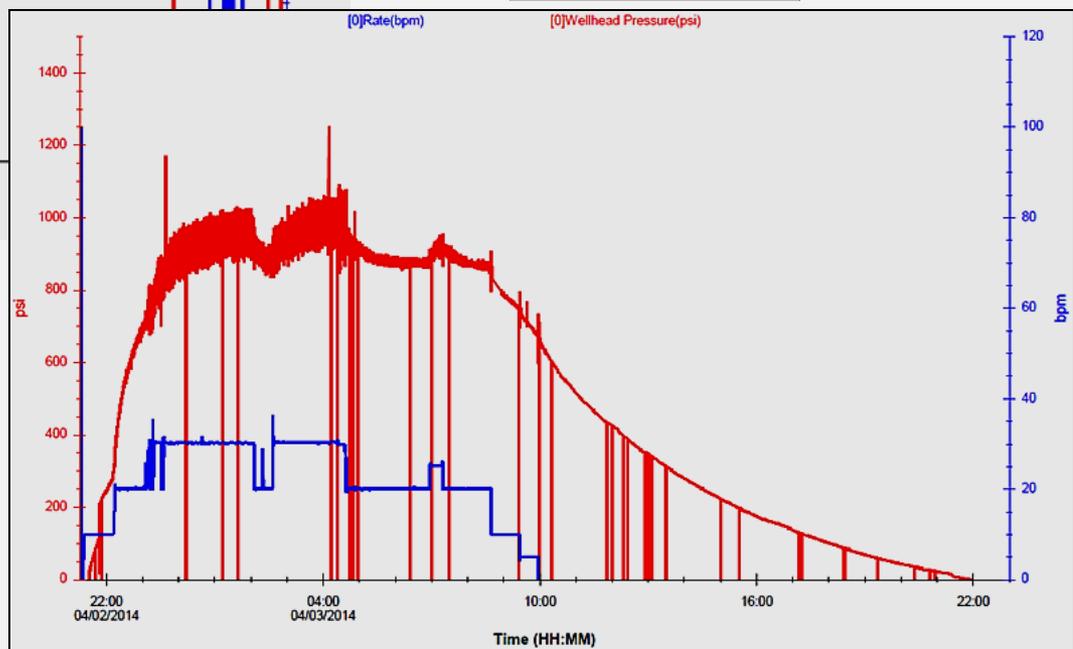


Stimulation 3 Day 1-3

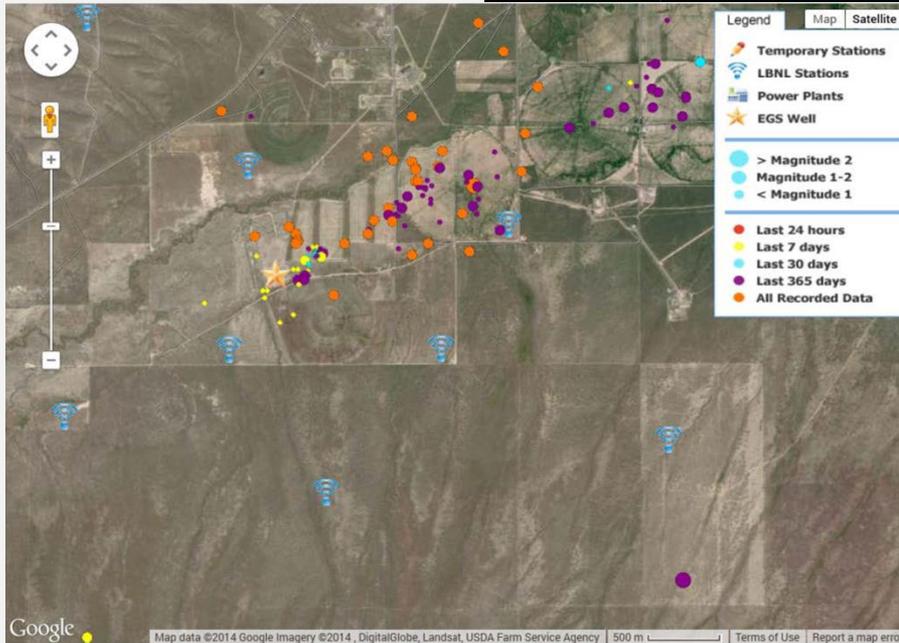
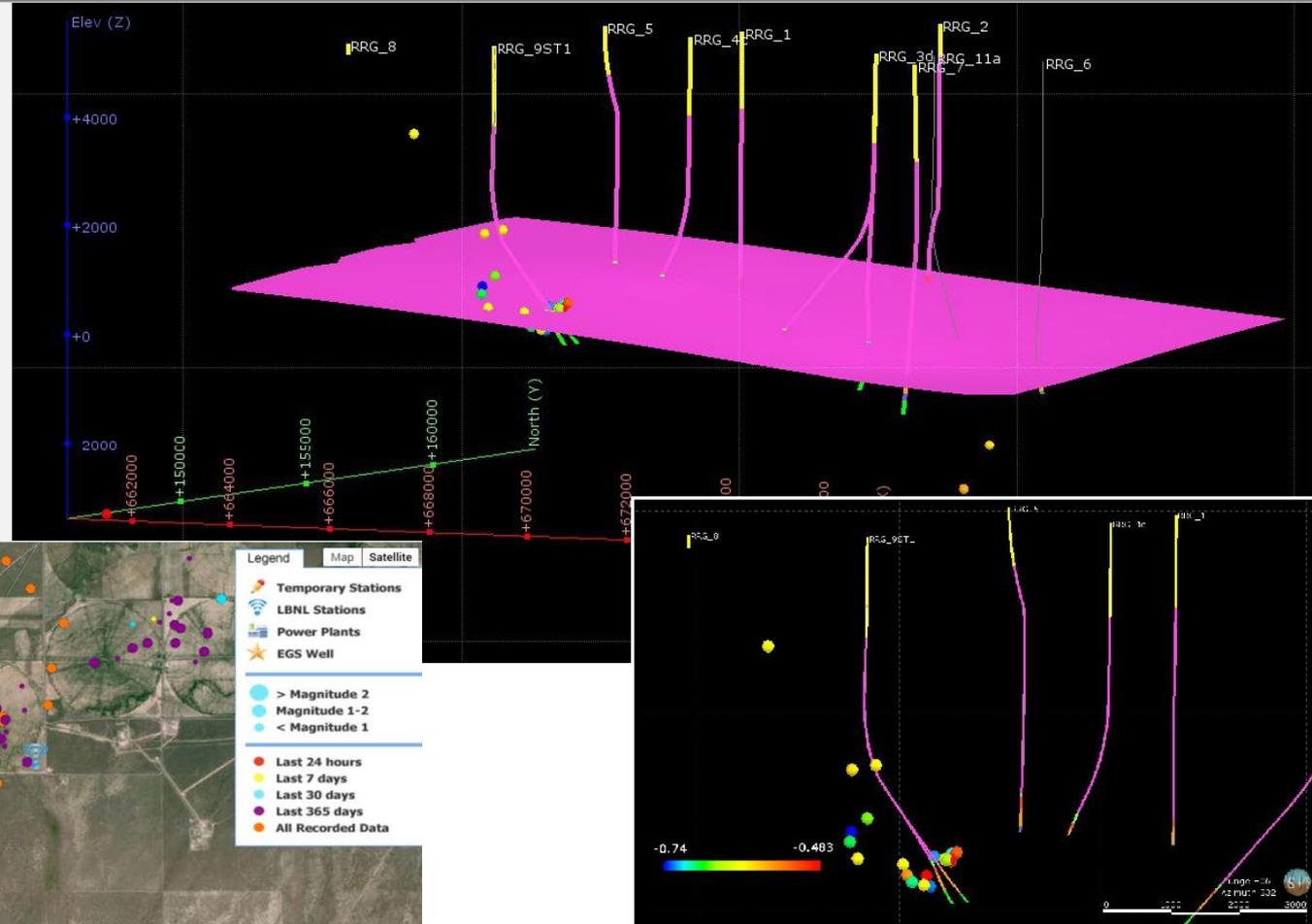
Day 1



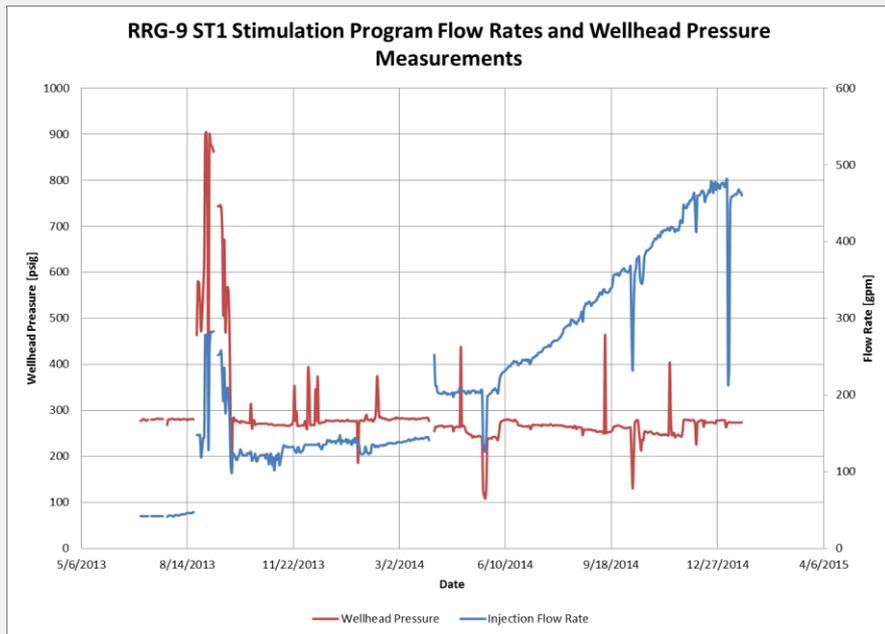
Day 2 and 3



Seismic Activity During the Stimulation

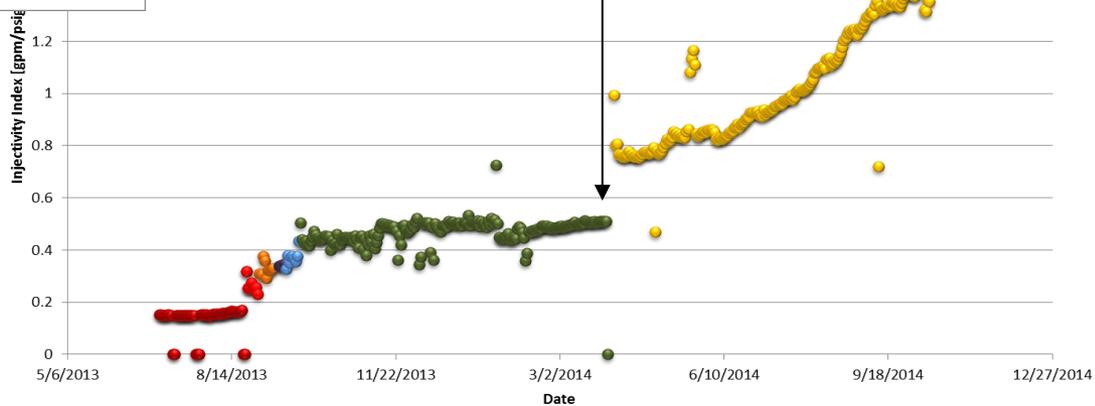


Post Stimulation 3 (4/1/2014 to 4/4/2014)



Injectivity Index 7/1/2013 to 11/10/2014

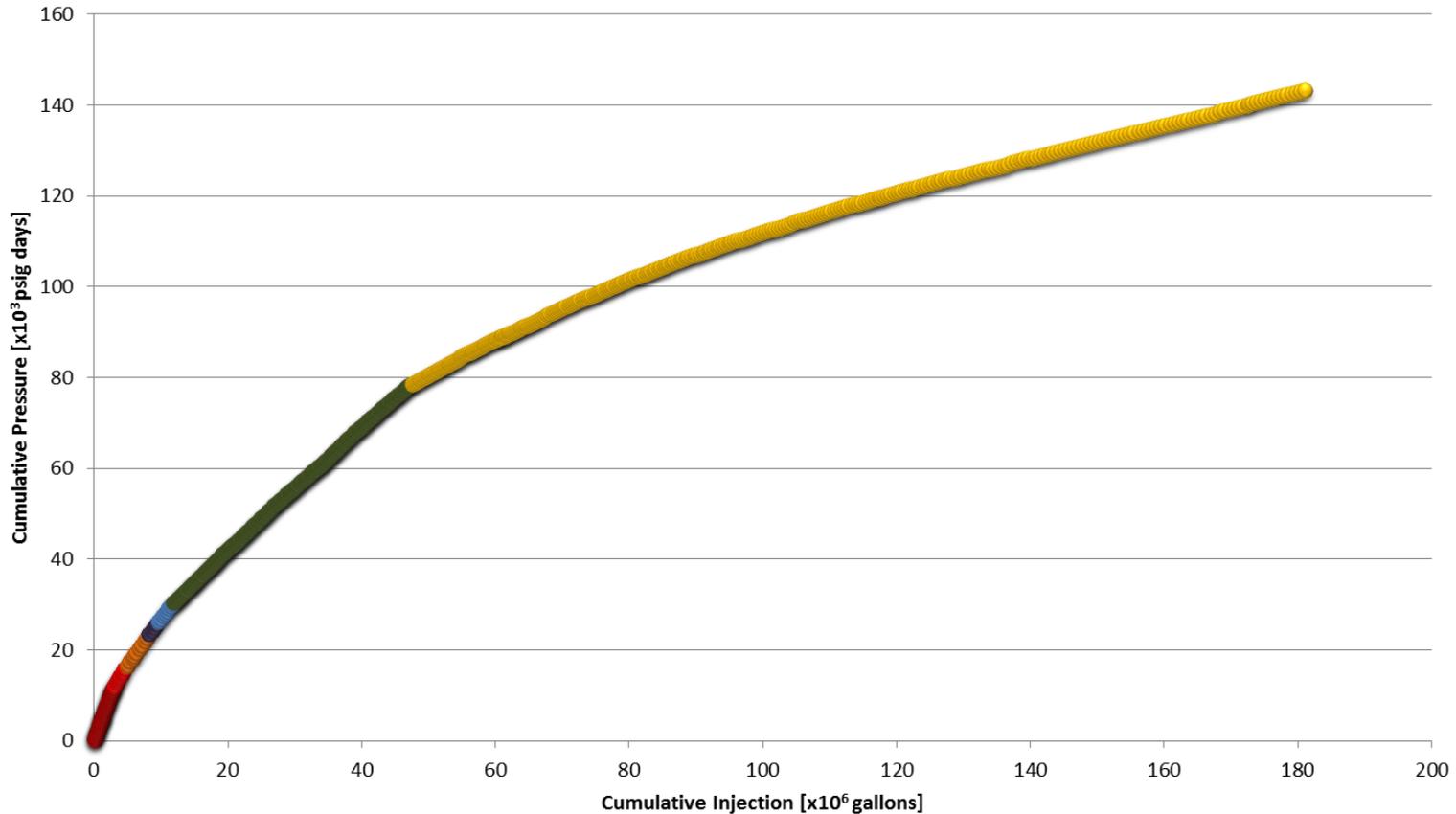
4/1/2014 to 4/4/2014
Stimulation



- 7/1/2013 to 8/22/2013 (43 gpm, 280 psi, 93 F)
- 8/23/2013 to 8/30/2013 (141 gpm, 540 psig, 104 F)
- 8/31/2013 to 9/8/2013 (262 gpm, 809 psig, 114 F)
- 9/12/2013 to 9/15/2013 (254 gpm, 743 psig, 53 F)
- 9/16/2013 to 9/24/2013 (191 gpm, 522 psig, 56 F)
- 9/25/2013 to 3/31/2014 (132 gpm, 279 psig, 84 F)
- 4/4/2014 to Present (279 gpm, 258 psig, 114 F)

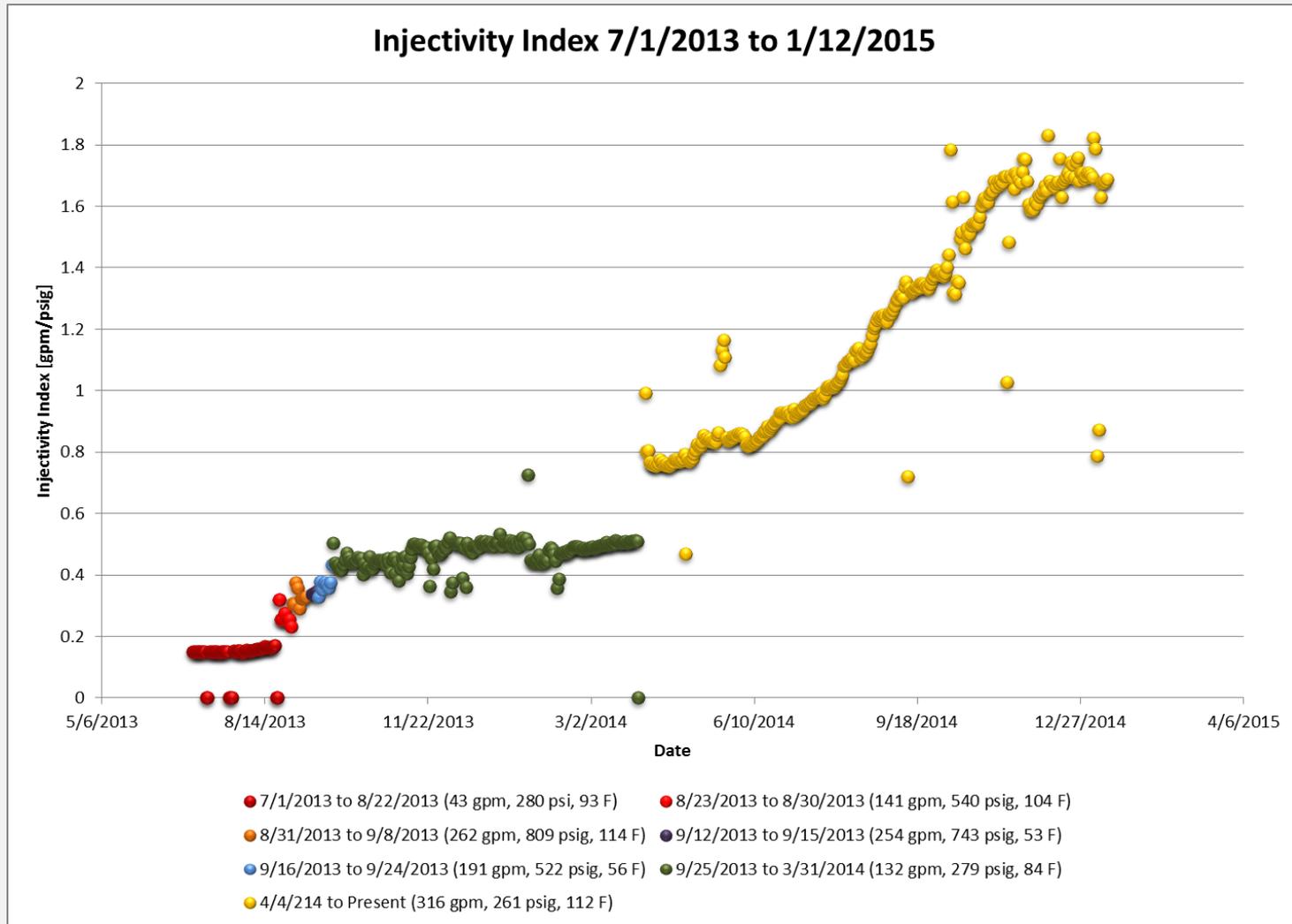
RRG-9 ST1 Stimulation Hall Plot

Modified Hall Plot 7/1/2013 to 1/12/2015

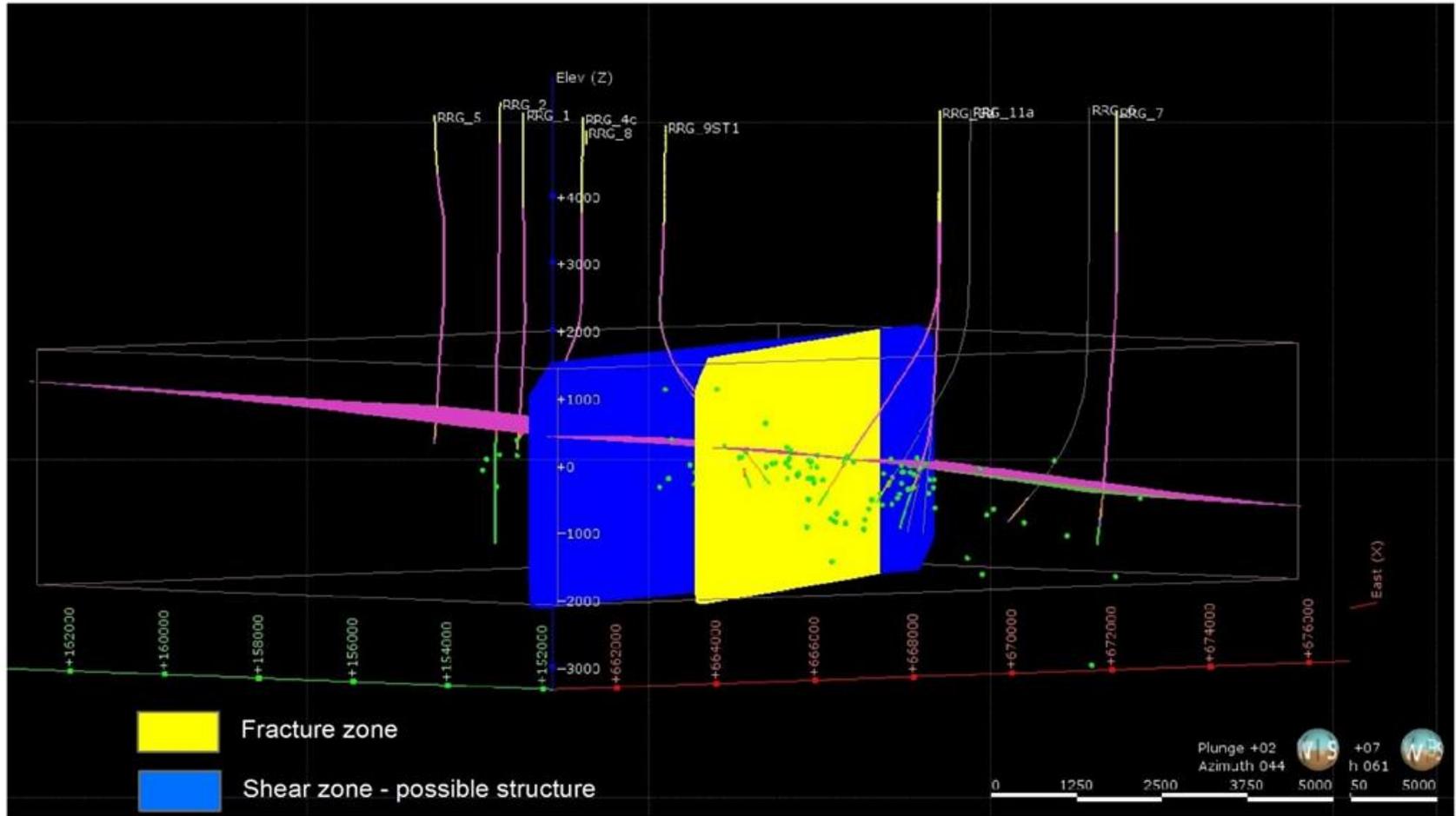


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- 9/16/2013 to 9/24/2013 (191 gpm, 522 psig, 56 F)
- 9/25/2013 to 3/31/2014 (132 gpm, 279 psig, 84 F)
- 4/4/214 to Present (316 gpm, 261 psig, 112 F)

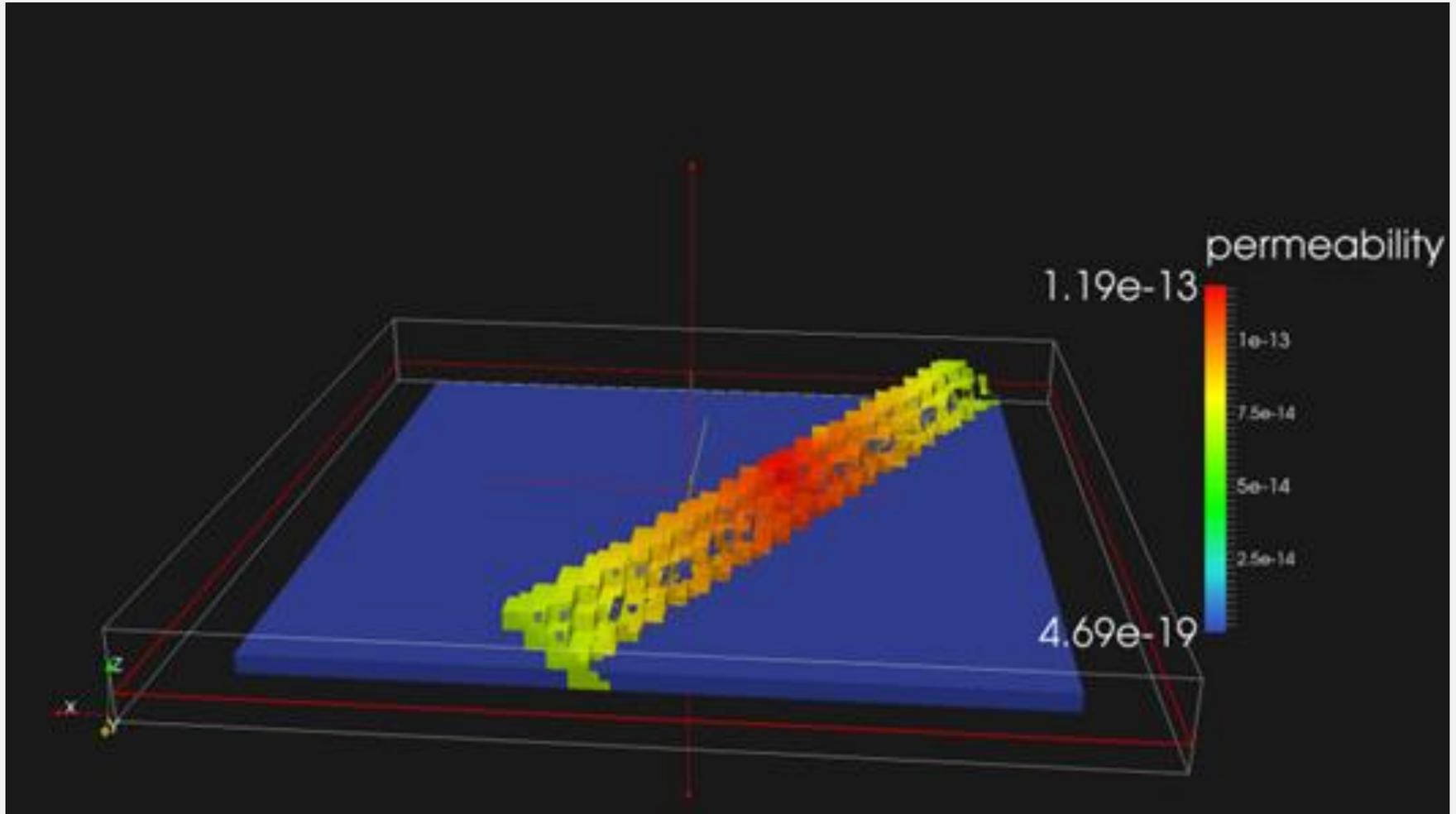
RRG-9 Stimulation Injectivity Plot



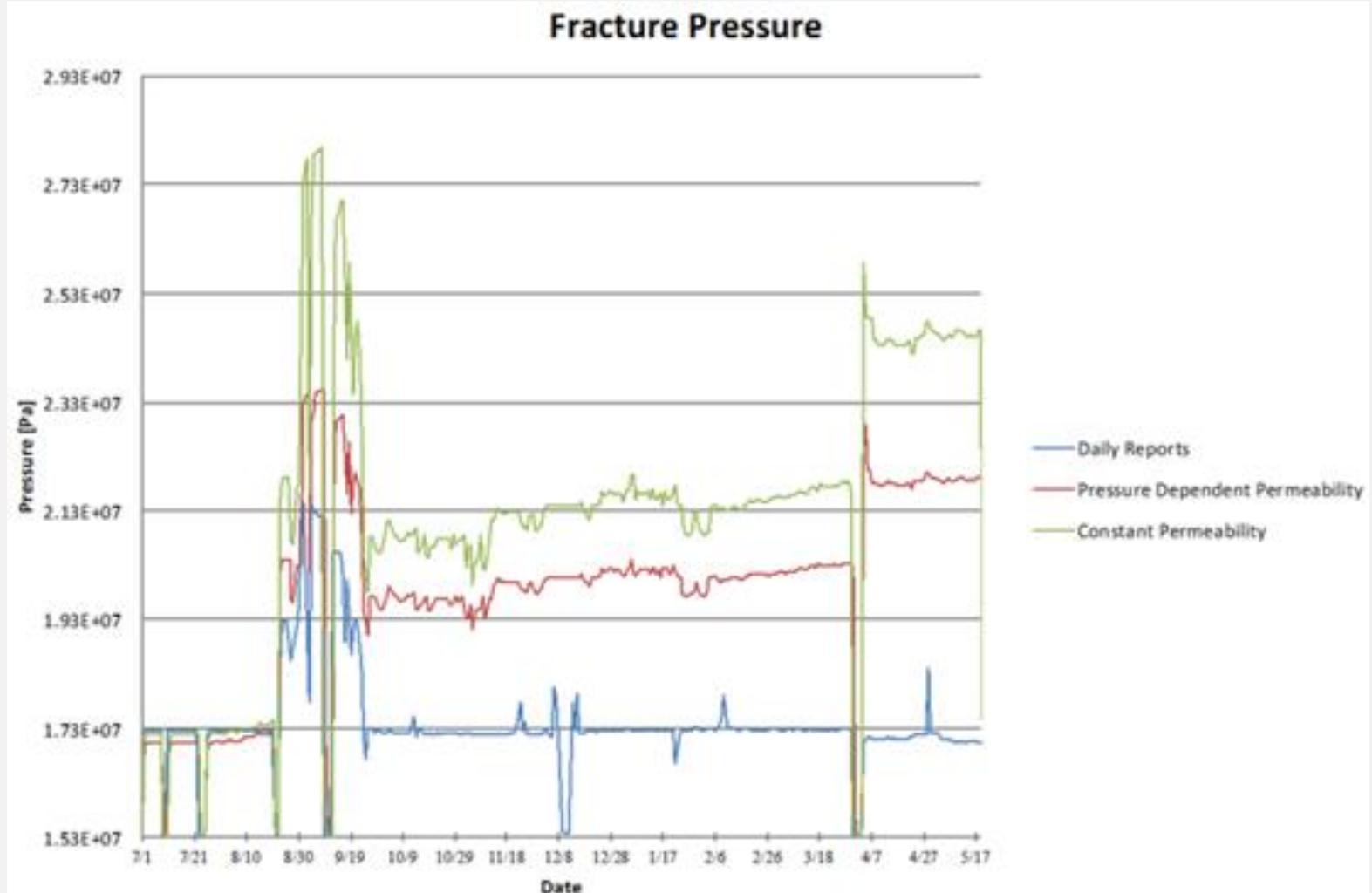
Conceptual Model



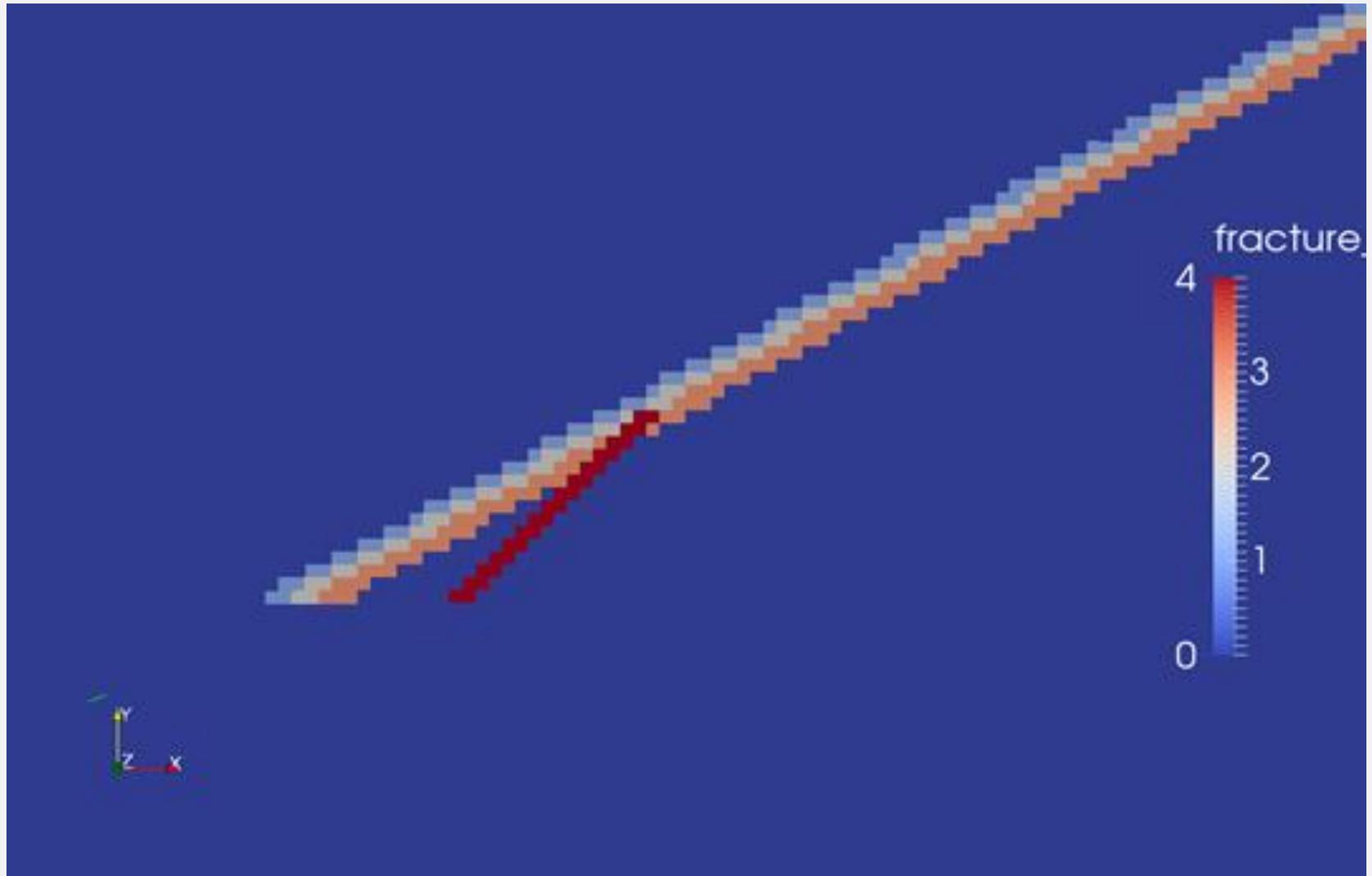
Idaho National Laboratory's FALCON Code



Single Fracture Model

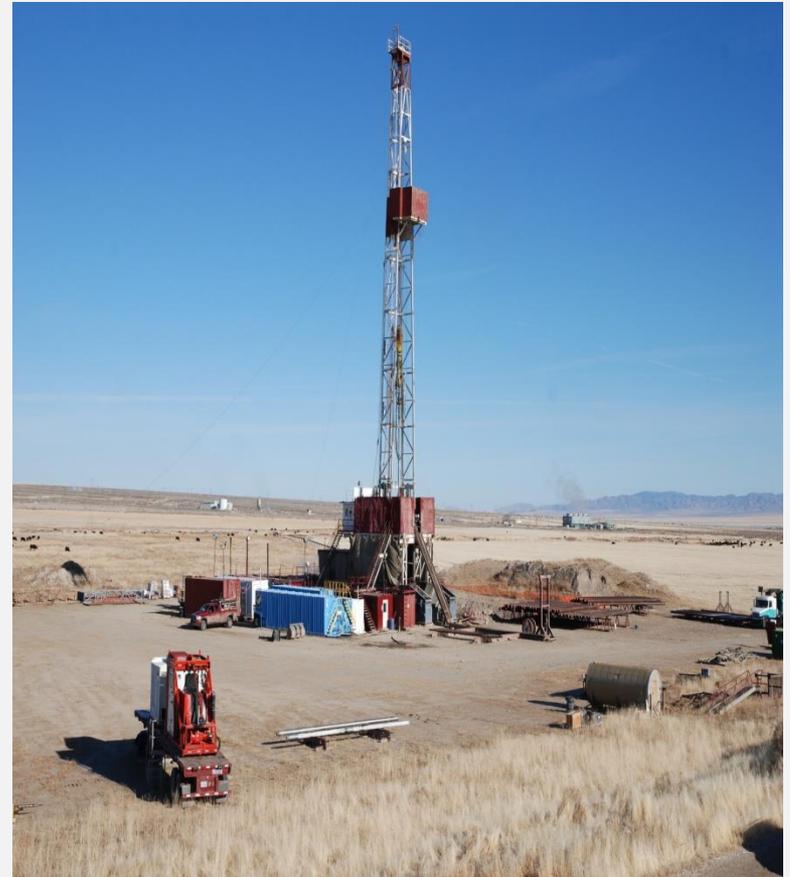


Revised RRG-9 ST1 Model



Conclusions

- ❑ Conducted a three stage stimulation program
 - Stage 1 high temperature injection
 - Stage 2 low temperature injection
 - Stage 3 high pressure injection
 - Injection flow rates have increased from 20-460 gpm (0.16 to 1.7 gpm/psi)
 - Permeability increases due dominantly to thermal cracking
- ❑ Developed a conceptual model
 - Model consists of 2 fracture zones based on earthquake, chemical and televiewer data.
- ❑ Hall plot and injectivity analysis
 - Indicates opening of new and/or existing fracture pathways around RRG-9 ST1.
- ❑ Numerical simulations being conducted using FALCON
- ❑ Future options
 - Cycling flow rates
 - High pressure injection



Questions



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